Epistle To The Hebrews Chapter Eight 12/4/24

The writer of the Epistle to the Hebrews is unknown. For many readers, Hebrews is considered to be one of the most difficult books in the New Testament. A study of the Old Testament, its background and certain phases of the first-century can be beneficial.

The Epistle to the Hebrews is a tribute to the incomparable Son of God and an encouragement to the author's persecuted fellow believers. It seems that the author was concerned that his Christian readers were wavering in their endurance. He approached this matter in a two-fold presentation: 1) the writer exalted Jesus the Christ, who he addresses as both "God" and "this man," and is thus the only One who can serve as a mediator between God and man; and 2) he exhorted his fellow Christians to move forward unto perfection, and live by faith.

The author of Hebrews wanted to exalt Jesus Christ. An indication of this desire is the consistent and repetitive use of the Greek word *kreitton*, which means "better," "superior," or "more excellent".

No other book in the New Testament ties together Old Testament history and practices with the life of Jesus as thoroughly as the book of Hebrews.

| A More Excellent Ministry: | Hebrews 8: 1-6 |
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| The Need for a New Covenant: | vv. 7 - 9 |
| Laws Written in Their Hearts: | vv. 10-13 |
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Small Group Discussion:

- 1. What is the main point the writer is making in this chapter?
- 2. In what way is Jesus the Mediator of the New Covenant?
- 3. Discuss why there was a need for a New Covenant.
- 4. Discuss the promises Israel received in the Old Testament and those we have received in the New Testament.
- 5. Why is it significant that Jesus now sits at the right hand of the Father?

Next Week's Lesson: Hebrews 9